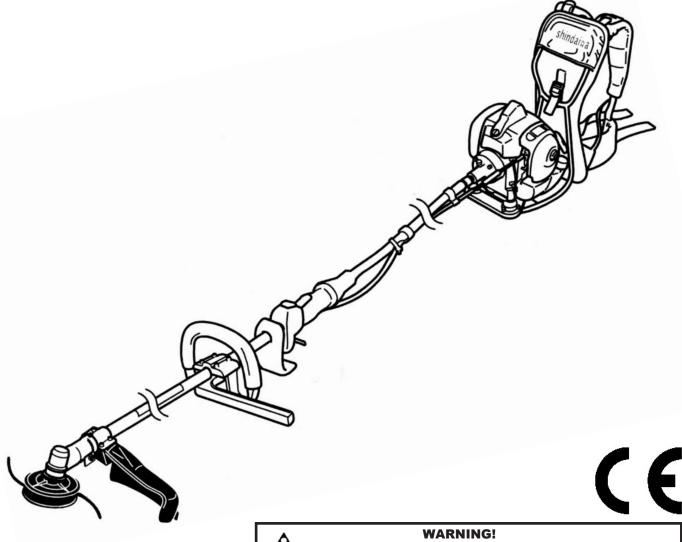


SHINDAIWA OWNER'S/OPERTOR'S MANUAL

BP530 BRUSHCUTTER



shindaiwa

Read this manual and familiarize yourself with its contents.

This machine is designed for cutting grass, weed, and brush.

Do not use this machine for other purposes.

Minimize the risk of injury to yourself and others.

Do not operate or service this machine unless you clearly understand this manual

Keep this manual at a particular place so that you can reread it whenever you have a question about its use.

Introduction

Shindaiwa BP530 hand held power equipment has been designed and built to deliver superior performance and reliability without compromise to quality, comfort, safety or durability.

Shindaiwa's high-performance engines represent the leading edge of 2-cycle engine technology, delivering exceptionally high power with remarkably low displacement and weight. As an owner/ operator, you'll soon discover for yourself why Shindaiwa is simply in a class by itself!

IMPORTANT!

The information contained in this owner's/ operator's manual describes units available at the time of publication. While every attempt has been made to give you the very latest information about your Shindaiwa product, there may be some differences between your machine and the machine described in this manual.

Shindaiwa Inc. reserves the right to make changes to products without prior notice, and without obligation to make alterations to units previously manufactured.

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Attention Statements

Throughout this manual are special attention statements.



A statement preceded by the triangular attention symbol and the word "WARNING" contains information that should be acted upon to prevent serious bodily injury.

CAUTION!

A statement preceded by the word "CAUTION" contains information that should be acted upon to prevent mechanical damage.

IMPORTANT!

A statement preceded by the word "IMPORTANT" is one that possesses special significance.

NOTE:

A statement preceded by the word "NOTE" contains information that is handy to know and may make your job easier.

Warning Labels

Warning labels placed on this unit mean the following:



Read and follow this operators manual. Failure to do so could result in serious injury.

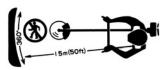
manual.



Wear head, eye, and hearing protection during the operation of this machine.



Wear non-slip gloves, long trousers and non-skid boots during the operation of this machine.



Make sure no one is within 15 meters of an operating machine.



Beware of thrown objects.



The maximum speed of the cutting attachment shaft in min-1.



Sound Power Level (measured in accordance with 2000/14/EC)

IMPORTANT!

The operational procedures described

in this manual are intended to help you

These procedures are guidelines for safe

operation under most conditions, and are

not intended to replace any safety rules

get the most from your unit as well as

to protect you and others from harm.

WARNING!

and/or laws that may be in force in your area. If you have questions regarding your Shindaiwa power tool, or if you do not understand something in this manual, your Shindaiwa dealer will be glad to assist you. You may also contact Shindaiwa, Inc.

at the address printed on the back of this

General Safety Instructions

Work Safely

Trimmers and brushcutters operate at very high speeds and can do serious damage or injury if they are misused or abused. *Never allow a person without training or instruction to operate this unit!*



WARNING!

Never make unauthorized attachment installations.



WARNING! Use Good Judgment

NEVER run the engine when transporting the unit.

NEVER run the engine indoors! Make sure there is always good ventilation. Fumes from engine exhaust can cause serious injury or death.

ALWAYS use the proper cutting tool for the job.

ALWAYS stop the unit immediately if it suddenly begins to vibrate or shake. Inspect for broken, missing or improperly installed parts or attachments.

NEVER extend trimming line beyond the length specified for your unit.

ALWAYS keep the unit as clean as practical. Keep it free of loose vegetation, mud, etc.

ALWAYS hold the unit firmly with both hands when cutting or trimming, and maintain control at all times.

ALWAYS keep the handles clean. **ALWAYS** disconnect the spark plug wire before performing any maintenance work.

ALWAYS, if a saw blade should bind fast in a cut, shut off the engine immediately. Push the branch or tree to ease the bind and free the blade.

WARNING!

Improper maintenance, use of nonconforming replacement components, or the removal of safety devices could result in serious injury.

Stay Alert

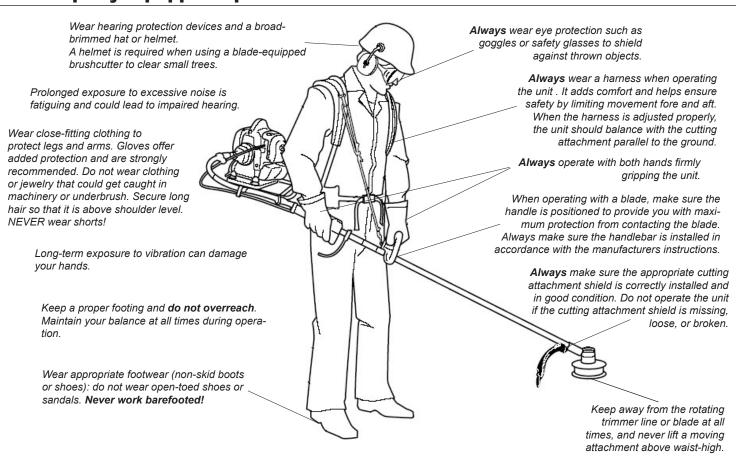
You must be physically and mentally fit to operate this unit safely.



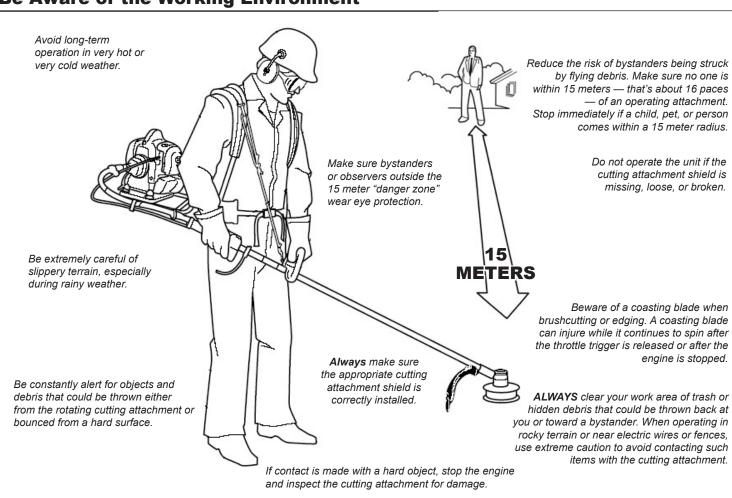
WARNING!

Never operate power equipment of any kind if you are tired or if you are under the influence of alcohol, drugs, medication or any other substance that could affect your ability or judgement.

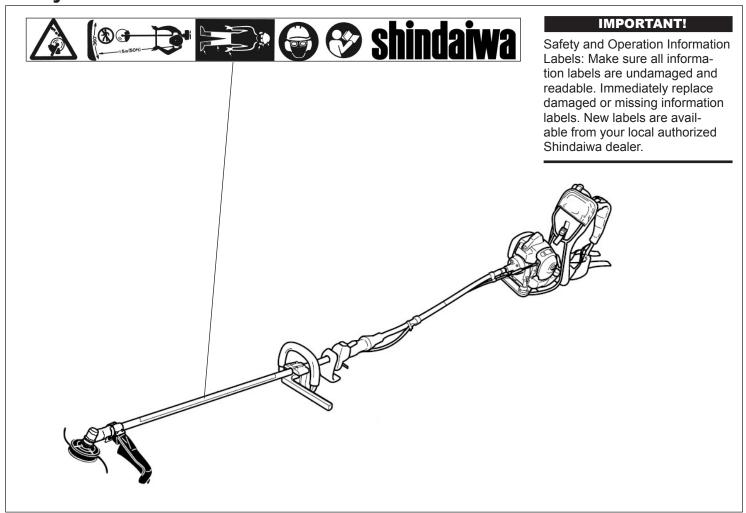
The Properly Equipped Operator



Be Aware of the Working Environment



Safety Labels



Checking Unit Condition



A cutting attachment shield or other protective device is no guarantee of protection against ricochet. YOU MUST ALWAYS GUARD AGAINST FLYING DEBRIS!

Use only authorized Shindaiwa parts and accessories with your Shindaiwa trimmer or brushcutter. Do not make modifications to this unit without the written approval of Shindaiwa, Inc.

NEVER operate the unit with the cutting attachment shield or other protective devices (harness, ignition switch, blade retention clip, etc.) removed!

ALWAYS make sure the cutting attachment is properly installed and firmly tightened before operation.

NEVER use a cracked or warped cutting attachment: If a properly installed attachment vibrates, replace the attachment with a new one and re-check.

ALWAYS stop the engine immediately and check for damage if you strike a foreign object or if the unit becomes tangled. Do not operate with broken or damaged equipment.

NEVER allow the engine to run at high RPM without a load. Doing so could damage the engine.

NEVER operate a unit with worn or damaged fasteners or attachment holders.

NEVER cut with a dull blade. Doing so will increase the risk of blade thrust and may also cause equipment damage.

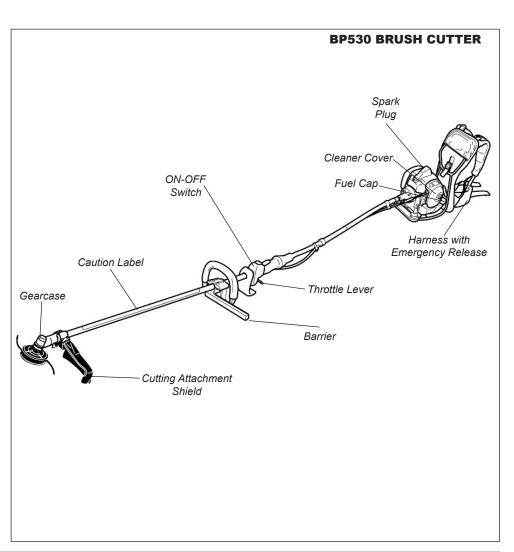
Unit Description

Using the accompanying illustrations as a guide, familiarize yourself with this unit and its various components. Understanding the product helps ensure top performance, long service life, and safer operation.



WARNING!

Do not make unauthorized modifications or alterations to this machine or any of its components. Shindaiwa must authorize alterations and modifications in writing. Unauthorized modifications or alterations may alter the machine operation and could jeopardize personal safety during operation.



Specifications

Model NameBP530/E	EC1
Engine ModelSBP5308	
Engine Type2-cycle, vertical cylinder, air coo	
Displacement	
Bore and Stroke	
Maximum Power Output	kW
Engine Speed at Idling	
Maximum Engine Speed10,500 m	
Engine Speed at Maximum Power Output	nin⁻¹
Dry Weight (Without cutting attachment and guard.)11.8	
Dimensions (L x H x W) mm	55Ö
Fuel Tank Capacity) ml
Fuel/Oil Ratio 50:1 with a premium 2-cycle mixing	g oil
Carburetor TypeTK, DPW12-2B, Diaphra	igm
IgnitionFully electronic, transistor contro	lled
Spark PlugNGK BMF	R6A
Air Cleaner TypeFoam elem	ıent
Starting Method	rter
Stopping Method	itch
Handle TypeLoop Type Har	ıdle
Sound Pressure Level* (average data between at Idling and at Racing) Note 1	(A)
Sound Power Level** (average data between at Idling and at Racing) Note 1	(A)
Vibration Level*** Note 1 Idling (Left/Right)	$1/s^2$
Racing (Left/Right) 3.7/3.1 m	$/s^2$
Sound Pressure Level* (average data between at Idling and at WOT) Note 2	(A)
Sound Power Level** (average data between at Idling and at WOT) Note 2	
Vibration Level*** Note 2 Idling (Left/Right)0.4/0.3 m	
WOT (Left/Right) 3.1/2.6 m	$1/s^2$

^{*} Sound Pressure Level: In accordance with EN ISO 14865 and ISO 7917

Note 1: 4-tooth blade equipped. Note 2: Trimmer head equipped.

^{**} Sound Power Level In accordance with EN ISO 14865 and ISO 10884

^{***} Vibration Level: In accordance with EN ISO 14865 and ISO 7916

Assembly Procedure

Prior to Assembly

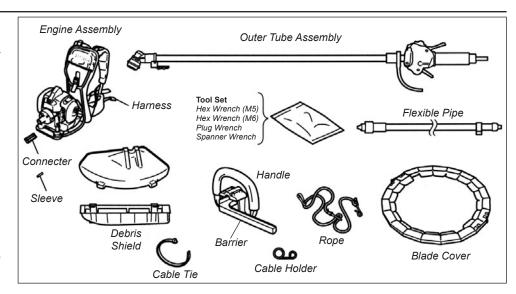
Before assembling, make sure you have all the components required for a complete unit:

- Engine assembly
- Outer tube assembly
- Flexible Pipe
- Debris shield
- Cutting attachment
- Loop handle with barrier
- Blade cover
- Components required for assembly (cable, rope, connecter sleeve, cable tie, cable holder).
- Tool kit, which includes 3mm, 4mm, and 5mm "L" type hexagonal wrenches, 8mm/10mm open-end wrench and combination spark plug/ tool holder wrench. Tool kits vary by model.

Carefully inspect all components for damage.

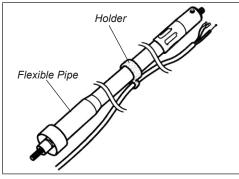
IMPORTANT!

The terms "left", "left-hand", and "LH"; "right", "right-hand", and "RH"; "front" and "rear" refer to directions as viewed by the

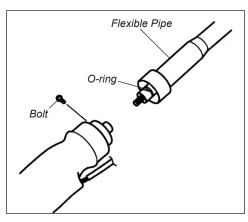


Assembly of the Flexible Pipe

1. Put the flexible pipe through the holder hole.



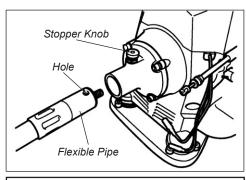
2. Loosen the bolt of the outer tube and insert the O-ring of the flexible pipe into the outer tube.



CAUTION!

Make sure the inserting direction of the flexible pipe is correct as shown.

- Make sure the groove of the flexible pipe aligns with the bolt, and then tighten the bolt. Make sure the flexible pipe does not come off the outer tube.
- 4. Insert the other end of the flexible pipe straight into the engine to the end. (It is not necessary to pull the stopper knob when doing this.)

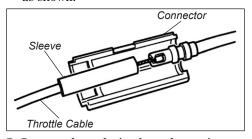


CAUTION!

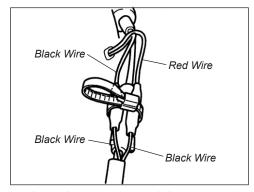
Pull the flexible pipe and make sure it is securely locked by the stopper knob.

5. Make sure the stopper knob is in the hole of the flexible pipe and that it is securely locked.

Put the throttle cable (flexible pipe side) through the cable holder, and then connect the throttle cables in the connector as shown.



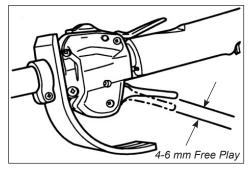
7. Connect the red wire from the engine to the black wire from the throttle, and connect the black wire from the engine to the black wire from the throttle.



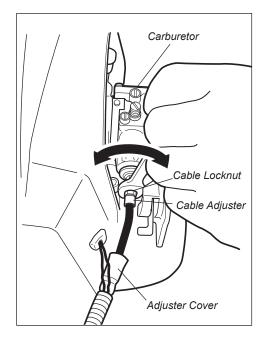
8. Clamp the connector and the wires with the enclosed cable tie.

Throttle Cable Adjustment

1. Test throttle control for smooth operation. If stiffness or binding are noted, the cause must be identified and corrected before the brushcutter can be placed in service.



- 2. Check the throttle control lever "free play" clearance. "Free play" should be approximately 4-6 mm in the idle position. If necessary, the "free play" clearance can be adjusted as
- a. Slide the adjuster cover forward to expose the cable adjuster.
- b. Loosen the cable lock nut.
- c. Thread or unthread the cable adjuster until the throttle control lever has approximately 4-6 mm of "free play" clearance.
- d. Tighten the cable lock nut.
- e. Slide the adjuster cover over the cable adjuster.



Cutting Attachment Shield Assembly

WARNING!

NEVER operate this machine without the cutting attachment shield. Operating without the cutting attachment shield may result in serious injury.

1. Insert the cutting attachment shield between the outer tube and the lower clamp.

NOTE:

It may be necessary to loosen the lower clamp bolt so that the shield will fit between the tube and clamp.

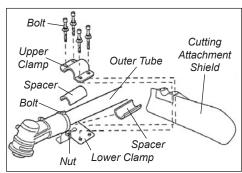
- 2. Fit the upper clamp over the outer pipe and install four bolts finger tight.
- 3. Tighten the lower clamp bolt and nut securely.
- 4. Securely tighten four upper clamp bolts in a crisscross fashion.

WARNING!

Carefully inspect the gearcase and cutting attachment shield assembly to make sure they are tightened securely and do not wobble.

CAUTION!

Make sure the clamp screw and retaining nut are securely tightened before tightening the four socket head cap screws.



Sub-Shield

(requred when using a trimmer head)

1. Attach the sub-shield to the cutting attachment shield.

CAUTION!

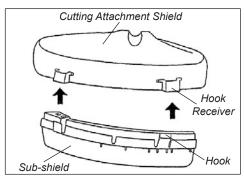
Make sure the sub-shield is completely hooked at the hook receiver.

CAUTION!

The line cutter is attached to the shield extension and must be used when operating with a trimmer head.

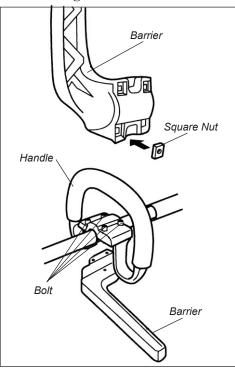
WARNING!

The line cutter is very sharp. When handling, wear gloves to protect your hands.

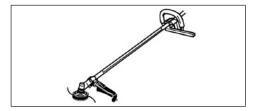


Assembly of the Handle

- 1. Put the 4 square nuts in the frame of the barrier.
- 2. Fit the handle and barrier over the outer tube and tighten the four bolts.

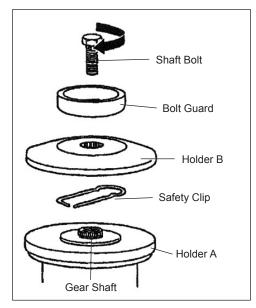


- 3. Position the handle at the best position for operator comfort.
- 4. Secure the handle by alternately tightening the 4 bolts in a diagonal or crisscross fashion.

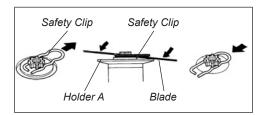


Installing a Blade

- 1. Make sure the switch is off and the engine is stopped.
- 2. Wear gloves to protect your hands.
- 3. Turn the unit over so the saw holder flange extending from the gear case is facing up.
- 4. Using the small end of the plug wrench, loosen the bolt (turn clockwise) and remove the bolt, bolt guard, and holder B.



5. Slide the safety clip as shown in the illustration.

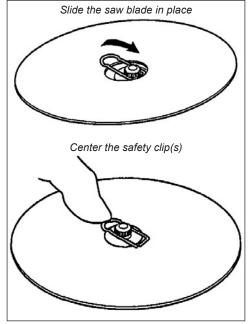




WARNING!

Never operate this machine without the safety clip in place.

6. Fit the blade over the safety clip onto holder A. Then, slide the safety clip back to its original position.

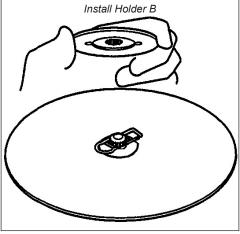


MA WA

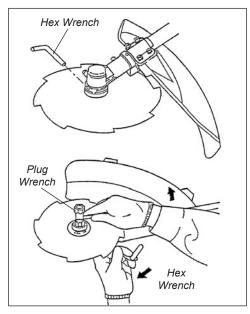
WARNING!

The blade must fit flat against holder A. The blade's mounting hole must be centered over the raised boss of holder A.

7. Put holder B and bolt guard back and at this time only finger tighten the bolt. Make sure holder B is flat against the blade. The recess in holder B must face the blade and completely cover the safety clip.



- 8. Rotate holder A until the hole in its skirt aligns with the hole in the gear case. Insert the hex wrench through both holes (to prevent the shaft from turning).
- 9. Holding the hex wrench and blade with one hand, tighten the bolt (turn counterclockwise) securely using the hex socket end of the plug wrench.



10. Remove the hex wrench.

WARNING!

Before operating, make sure the blade is securely mounted. Turn the blade with your hand slightly and make sure the blade turns smoothly without wobbling.

WARNING!

Make sure the direction of the arrowindicated on the blade corresponds with the arrow indicated on the cutting attachment shield.

The brushcutter should be fully assembled.

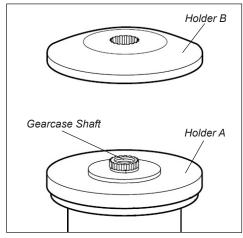
Installing Trimmer Head

CAUTION!

When using a trimmer head, never use this machine without the sub-quard.

To install a trimmer head

- 1. Position the brushcutter with the head of the shaft bolt facing up.
- 2. Remove the shaft bolt, bolt guard, Holder B and the safety clip from the output shaft.



IMPORTANT!

The shaft bolt, bolt guard, and retainer clips are not used with a trimmer head cutting attachment. Save these parts for future blade installation.

- 3. Re-install Holder B on the output shaft.
- 4. Rotate the holder until the hole in the holder aligns with the notch on the gearcase flange. Using the hex wrench, lock the gearcase as shown.
- 5. While holding the holder with the hex wrench, thread the trimmer head onto the gear-shaft and install securely using hand pressure. Turn counterclockwise to install.
- 6. Remove the hex wrench.



The brushcutter can now be used as a grass trimmer

Mixing Fuel

A

WARNING!

Minimize the risk of fire, burns, and personal injury!

- STOP engine before refueling.
- ALWAYS allow the engine to cool before refueling
- ALWAYS open the fuel cap slowly to allow any pressure build-up in the tank to release fuel vapor slowly.
- **ALWAYS** transport and store fuels in an approved container.
- Avoid overfilling and wipe-up all spilled fuel. Move the engine at least 3 meters from the fueling point, storage area, and other readily flammable materials before restarting.
- ALWAYS inspect the unit for fuel leaks before each use. During each refill, make sure there are no fuel leaks around the fuel cap and/ or tank. If a fuel leak is evident, stop using the unit immediately. Fuel leaks must be repaired before using the unit.
- **NEVER** smoke or light any fires near the engine or fuel source.
- **NEVER** place any flammable material near the engine or muffler.
- NEVER operate the engine without the muffler in good working condition.
- ALWAYS move the unit to a place well away from a fuel storage area or other readily flammable materials before starting the engine.

CAUTION!

This engine is designed to operate on a 50:1 mixture consisting of unleaded gasoline and a premium 2-cycle mixing oil only. Use of Non-approved mixing oils can lead to excessive maintenance costs and/or engine damage.

CAUTION!

Some gasolines contain alcohol as an oxygenate! Oxygenated fuels may cause increased operating temperatures. Under certain conditions, alcohol-based fuels may also reduce the lubricating qualities of some mixing oils. Never use any fuel containing more than 10% alcohol by volume! Generic oils and some outboard motor oils may not be intended for use in high-performance air cooled 2-cycle engines, and should never be used in your Shindaiwa engine!

Filling The Fuel Tank

IMPORTANT!

Mix only enough fuel for your immediate needs! If fuel must be stored longer than 30-days, it should first be treated with a stabilizer such as $StaBil^{TM}$ or equivalent product!

- Use only fresh, clean unleaded gasoline with a pump octane rating of 87 or higher.
- Mixing fuel with a Premium 2-cycle mixing oil designed for use with high-performance 2-cycle air-cooled engines.
- Refer to the following examples of 50:1 fuel to oil mix quantaties:

Gasoline liters 2.51	2-cycle mixing oil
liters	milliliters
2.51	50 ml
51	100 ml
101	200 ml
201	400 ml

CAUTION!

Never attempt to mix fuel in the unit's fuel tank. Always mix all fuels in a clean approved container.

- 1. Place the unit on a flat, level surface, and wipe any debris from around the fuel cap.
- 2. Remove the fuel cap.
- 3. Fill the tank with clean, fresh fuel.
- 4. Replace the cap, and wipe away any spilled fuel before starting the engine.

Starting the Engine

WARNING!

Before starting the engine, make sure children, bystanders, and pets and/or any other objects are well clear of the cutting attachment!

The cutting attachment will rotate when the engine is started with the throttle control set in the "fast idle" position.



WARNING!

MAKE SURE THE BLADE IS WELL CLEAR OF ANY INTERFERENCE. Before starting the engine, place unit on clear, level surface. Make sure you have good secure footing and always keep a firm grip on the machine.



WARNING!

Move at least three meters away from the fuel site before starting the engine.



WARNING!

Never operate the engine without the cutting attachment installed.



WARNING!

Never start the engine from the operating position.



WARNING!

The cutting attachment may rotate when the engine is started!

IMPORTANT!

The primer system only pushes fuel through the carburetor. Repeatedly pressing the primer bulb will not flood the engine with fuel.

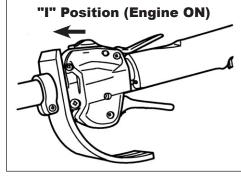
Starting a Cold Engine and/or Restarting After Refueling.

IMPORTANT!

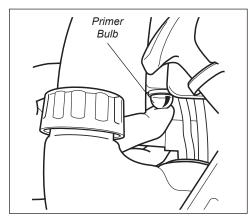
A two-position ignition switch mounted on the throttle control body controls the engine ignition system. This slide switch is embossed "START" and "STOP" and has arrows pointing towards the START and the STOP positions. The letter "I" (ON) and "O" (OFF) are embossed on the left side of the throttle handle, near the switch bottom.

Starting the Engine (Continued)

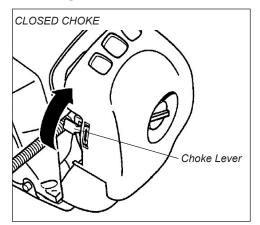
1. Slide the ON-OFF switch to the "I" position



2. Purge the air from the carburetor fuel system by repeatedly depressing the carburetor primer bulb until resistance is felt and fuel flows back to the tank through the return tube.



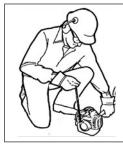
3. Move the choke lever to the "close choke" position.



IMPORTANT!

The recoil starter can provide longlasting trouble free operation by following these recommendations:

- Always engage the starter before attempting to start the engine.
- Never pull the cord to its maximum limit.
- Always allow the cord to rewind slowly into the starter.
- 4. While firmly holding the outer tube with one hand, pull the recoil starter handle upward with your other hand. Pull slowly at first until you feel the starter engage, then pull quickly to start the engine. Do not pull the starter rope to the end of its travel.

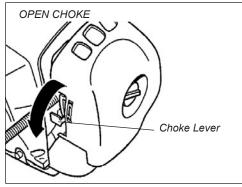


Make sure the cutting attachment is clear of obstructions.

IMPORTANT!

Repeated cranking of the engine with the choke CLOSED (" | ")") will lead to engine flooding. If the engine fails to start after several attempts, move the choke lever to the OPEN position and continue cranking.

- 5. When the engine first fires, gradually return the choke to OPEN ("|+|") position if you have not already done so.
- If the engine stops before the choke is fully open, restart with the choke closed.
- If the engine stops after the initial firing, restart with choke closed.



Starting a Warm Engine

Starting a warm engine involves all of the steps of starting a cold engine, EXEPT:

■ The choke should be in the OPEN position.

If the engine does not start, follow the cold engine starting procedure.

When the Engine Starts

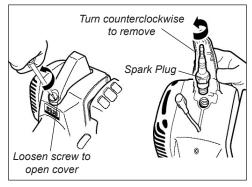
- After the engine starts, allow the engine to warm-up at idle for 2 or 3 minutes before operating the machine.
- After the engine is warm, pick-up the engine assembly and put it on your back. (See "Putting on the engine assembly" on this page for how to put on the engine assembly and how to adjust the harness.)
- Advancing the throttle makes the cutting attachment rotate faster; releasing the throttle makes the attachment stop running. If the cutting attachment continues to rotate refer to page 14 for engine idle adjustment procedures.

Starting a Flooded Engine

- 1. Slide the ignition switch button to the STOP position.
- 2. Disconnect the spark plug wire, and remove the spark plug.

CAUTION!

Incorrect spark plug installation may cause serious engine damage!



- 3. If the spark plug electrodes and ceramic insulator are fouled or soaked with fuel, clean or replace the plug. For spark plug specifications and gapping procedure, refer to page 17.
- 4. Open the choke.
- 5. Hold the throttle control lever depressed and crank the engine several times to clear excess fuel from the combustion chamber.
- 6. Reinstall the spark plug finger tight and tighten it firmly with the spark plug wrench provided in the tool kit. If a torque wrench is available, torque the spark plug to 16.7-18.6 N m.
- 7. Repeat the "warm engine" starting procedure.
- 8. If the engine fails to start, consult the troubleshooting guide provided.

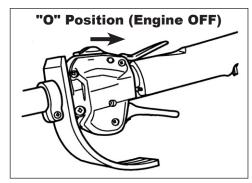
Stopping the Engine

Idle the engine briefly before stopping, then slide the ON-OFF switch to the "O" (for STOP) position.



WARNING!

The cutting attachment continues rotating for a while after the switch is turned off.



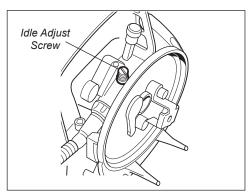
Engine Idle Adjustment

The engine must return to idle speed whenever the throttle lever is released. Idle speed is adjustable, and must be set low enough to permit the engine clutch to disengage the cutting attachment when the throttle is released.



WARNING!

The cutting attachment must NEVER rotate at engine idle! If the idle speed can not be adjusted by the procedure described here, have the unit inspected at an authorized Shindaiwa dealer.



- 1. Place the unit on the ground, then start the engine and allow it to idle for 2-3 minutes until warm.
- 2. If the attachment rotates when the engine is at idle, reduce the idle speed by turning the idle adjustment screw counterclockwise.

3. If a tachometer is available, the engine idle speed should be adjusted to 2,500 min⁻¹ (rpm)

NOTE:

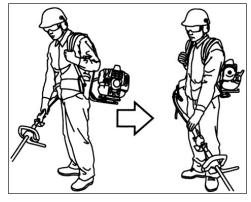
Carburetor fuel mixture adjustments are preset at the factory on units with emission control systems and cannot be serviced in the field.

Putting On Engine Assembly



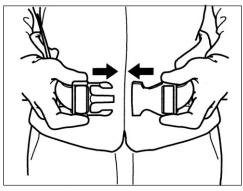
Wearing the Harness

- 1. Holding the outer tube with your right hand, place the left-side strap on your left shoulder.
- 2. Hold the outer tube with your left hand and place the right-side strap on your right shoulder.



Double Shoulder Harness (Continued)

3. Fasten the waist belt.



Adjusting the Harness

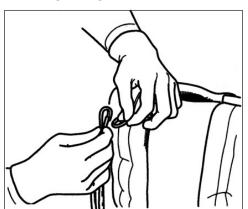
- 4. Adjust the length of the right and left straps so that the back-pad rests just above the hip.
- 5. Adjust the length of the shoulder-pad straps so that they stay in place on both shoulders.
- 6. Adjust the length of the waist belt so that the pad properly stays on your back.



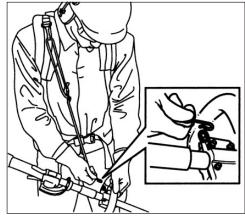
Using the Rope

For comfortable operation, attach the rope using the following directions:

1. Attach the enclosed cable holder at the bolt, tightening the front handle. ???



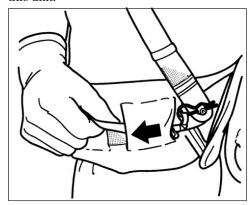
2. Hook the ends of the rope, one end to the hook on the harness and the other end to the cable holder on the front handle.



3. Adjust the rope to a comfortable length.

Emergency Release

In case of emergency, firmly pull the red tab on your left waist, then pull the pin out. The machine will release from the strap. Practice this procedure prior to operating this unit.



Using a Brushcutter Equipped with a Blade

A blade-equipped brushcutter is a professional tool that demands the utmost attention. Observing the following important guidelines will help ensure safe and effective performance from your brushcutter.

WARNING!

■ Your brushcutter is equipped with a barriertype handlebar, a double shoulder harness, and a cutting attachment debris shield. These items must be installed and adjusted according to the instructions in this manual before using the unit with a blade or a trimmer head cutting attachment.

- A unit equipped with a blade can throw or get entangled in loose objects. Before operating, inspect area thoroughly. Remove all objects, such as rocks, broken glass, nails, wire, or string. Note location of large rocks, stumps, and other fixed objects to avoid hitting them.
- Make sure children, bystanders. and pets are at least outside a 15 meter radius. If a child, person, or pet comes into the 15 meter radius, stop the engine immediately
- Beware of the dangers of blade thrust! Blade thrust can occur when the top right cutting zone of the blade strikes a fixed object. Blade thrust can be violent enough to cause the unit and/or operator to be propelled in any direction, and possibly loose control of the unit. A violent blade thrust posses an extreme risk to anyone and anything nearby.
- Do not overreach! Do not raise the cutting attachment above waist level. Assume a safe and comfortable position before starting, and maintain your balance at all times.
- STOP the machine immediately if it suddenly begins to vibrate or shake. Inspect it for loose, broken, missing, or improperly installed parts or attachments.

Barrier Type Handlebar

The barrier type handlebar helps prevent the operator from moving forward or the cutting attachment from moving rearward to prevent inadvertent bodily contact with the blade. The handlebar must be installed in accordance with the instruction provided in this manual. Always keep the handlebar securely in place on the unit.

Double Shoulder Harness

The double shoulder harness provided with the unit affords additional protection against blade thrust. Additionally, a double shoulder harness provides support and comfort to help ensure safe and efficient operation. Before operating the brushcutter, make sure the harness is adjusted correctly to the operator. The double shoulder harness is equipped with a quick release mechanism to assure that the unit can be released quickly from the operator in the event of emergency.

WARNING!

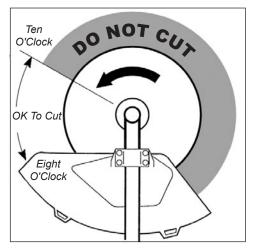
- When cutting small tress with a blade, feed the blade slowly, never strike or "slam" the spinning blade against the tree trunk.
- DO NOT use 2-tooth (lawnmower type) cutting blades. Use only Shindaiwa approved blades with your Shindaiwa brushcutter.
- Using a blade not authorized by Shindaiwa may result in serious
- Never repair a damaged blade by welding, straightening, or by modifying its shape. An altered blade may break during operation, resulting in serious personal injury.
- Keep blades sharp and check blade condition frequently. If cutting performance changes suddenly, stop the engine and check the blade for cracks or other damage. Replace the damaged blade immediately!



WARNING!

When transporting, make sure the engine is not running and blade is covered with blade cover.

Avoid blade thrust by keeping the blade in view during operation. Watch your cut at all times. Cut ONLY small trees and/or branches with the left side of the blade between the 8 o'clock and 10 o'clock positions as shown below. Avoid cutting with any other part of the blade. When cutting brush, sweep the blade from right to left, always keeping the blade well in front. It is recommended that the blade be tilted down slightly to help keep debris from accumulating on the edge of the blade.



Engine Operating Speeds



WARNING!

Position the blade so cuts are made between blade's

8 o'clock and 10 o'clock positions (as viewed from above). DO NOT cut between the 11 o'clock and 5 o'clock positions.



WARNING!

"BLADETHRUST" is a sudden sideway or backward motion of the machine. Such motion may occur when the blade jams or catches on an object such as a sapling tree or tree stump. BE CONSTANTLY ALERT FOR BLADE THRUST AND GUARD AGAINST ITS EFFECTS.

CAUTION!

NEVER allow the engine to run at high speeds without a load. Over-revving without a load could damage the engine.

Operate the machine at full throttle while cutting. Best results are obtained by releasing the throttle when swinging back after completing a cut.

■ Avoid operating the engine below the recommended operational speed range. Doing so can lead to rapid clutch wear. In addition, slow-speed operation may cause grass and debris to wrap around the cutting attachment.

Using a Brushcutter With a Trimmer Head

You may install one of several types of Shindaiwa cutting attachments on your BP530 trimmer or brushcutter, each with features for specific applications and/or operational requirements.

For proper operation, always refer to the instructions accompanying the trimmer head being used. Available trimmer head styles include:

- **Semi-automatic.** Trimmer line is indexed when the operator taps the trimmer head on the ground during operation.
- Manual. The operator indexes line manually with the grass trimmer stopped.
- **Fixed.** The operator must stop the unit and add new lengths of trimmer line manually.
- Flail. This device, designed for clearing weeds and light brush, features three nylon blades attached to the head by pivots.

CAUTION!

Do not push the rotating line into trees, wire fences or any material that could tangle or break line ends.

Engine Operating Speeds

Operate at full throttle while cutting grass.

CAUTION!

Operation at low rpm can lead to premature clutch failure.

Trimming and Mowing Grass

Hold the grass trimmer so the trimmer head is angled slightly into the area to be cut. To ensure maximum trimmer-line service life, cut only with the tip of the trimmer line. Cut grass by swinging the unit's trimmer head from left to right. Keep the trimmer head horizontal.



Maintenance



WARNING!

Before performing any maintenance, repair, or cleaning work on the machine, make sure the engine and cutting attachment are completely stopped. Disconnect the spark plug wire before performing service or maintenance work.

WARNING!

Non-standard parts may not operate properly with your unit and may cause damage and lead to personal injury.

Muffler



WARNING!

Never operate this machine with a damaged or missing muffler! Operating with missing or damaged exhaust components is a fire hazard, and may also damage your hearing.

Daily Maintenance

Prior to each work day, perform the following:

- Remove the dirt and debris from the engine, check the cooling fins and air cleaner for clogging, and clean them as necessary.
- Carefully remove any accumulations of dirt or debris from the muffler and fuel tank. Dirt buildup in these areas can lead to engine overheating, fire, or premature wear.
- Check for loose or missing screws or components. Make sure the cutting attachment is securely fastened.
- Check the machine for leaking fuel or grease.

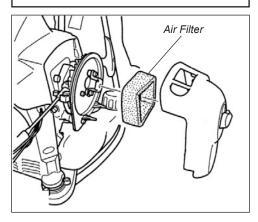
10 Hour Maintenance

Perform more frequently in dusty or dirty conditions.

Remove the air cleaner element from the carburetor and clean it thoroughly with soap and water. Squeeze-out excess, let dry and reassemble the element.

CAUTION!

Do not operate the machine if the air cleaner or element is damaged, or if the element is water-soaked.

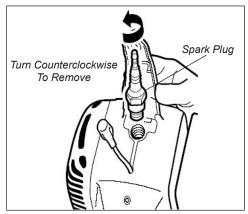


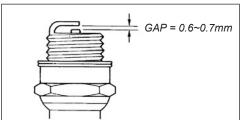
10/15 Hour Maintenance

CAUTION!

Before removing the spark plug, clean the area around the plug to prevent dirt and dust from getting into the engine's internal parts.

- Remove and clean the spark plug. Adjust the spark plug electrode gap to 0.6 0.7mm. If the plug must be replaced, use only NGK BMR6A.
- Keep the spark plug wire connections tight and clean.

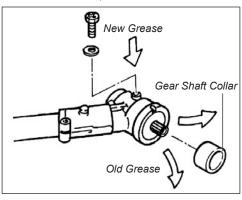




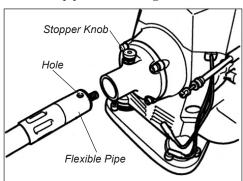
50 Hour Maintenance

Perform more frequently in dusty or dirty conditions.

- Remove and clean the cylinder cover and clean grass and dirt from the cylinder fins.
- Remove the cutting attachment and the gear shaft collar, and press new grease into the gear case until the old grease has been pushed out. Use only lithium base grease (such as Shindaiwa Gear Case Lubricant).



■ Pull the stopper knob and remove the flexible pipe from the engine.

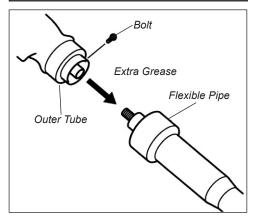


- Pull the flexible shaft out from the flexible pipe and apply grease on the flexible shaft evenly.
- Put the flexible shaft back into the flexible pipe.
- Loosen and remove the bolt from the outer tube and remove the outer tube.
- Wipe any extra grease from the outer tube and flexible pipe.

CAUTION!

Make sure extra grease is completely wiped-off.

Extra grease may cause overheating.

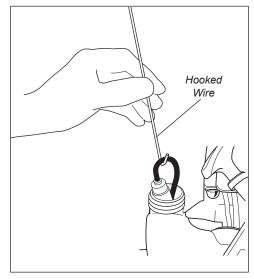


Fuel Filter Maintenance

Use a hooked wire to extract the fuel filter from inside the fuel tank. Remove and replace the filter element. Before reinstalling the filter, inspect the condition of the fuel line. If damage or deterioration are noted, the unit should be removed from service until you can consult with an authorized servicing dealer.

CAUTION!

Make sure you do not pierce the fuel line with the end of the hooked wire. The line is delicate and can be damaged easily.



Long Term Storage

Whenever the unit will not be used for 30 days or longer, use the following procedures to prepare it for storage:

- Clean external parts thoroughly and apply a light coating of oil to all metal surfaces.
- Drain all the fuel from the fuel tank.

IMPORTANT!

All stored fuels should be stabilized with a fuel stabilizer such as Sta-Bil™.

To remove the remaining fuel from the fuel lines and carburetor and with the fuel drained from the fuel tank.

- 1. Prime the primer bulb until no more fuel is passing through.
- 2. Start and run the engine until it stops running.
- 3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the engine will no longer start.

CAUTION!

Gasoline stored in the carburetor for extended periods can cause hard starting, and could also lead to increased service and maintenance costs.

- Remove the spark plug and pour about 7 grams of 2-cycle mixing oil into the cylinder through the spark plug hole. Slowly pull the recoil starter 2 or 3 times so oil will evenly coat the interior of the engine. Reinstall the spark plug.
- Before storing the unit, repair or replace any worn or damaged parts.
- Remove the air cleaner element from the carburetor and clean it thoroughly with soap and water. Let dry and reassemble the element.
- Store the unit in a clean, dust-free area.
- Cover the blade with blade cover.

Blade Sharpening

With the file or a grinder, file a blade as follows.

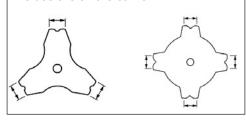
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WARNING!

Sharpen only the cutting teeth of a blade. DO NOT alter the contour of the blade

in any way. In order to keep the blade in balance, all cutting edges must be sharpened equally. DO NOT file the tips of the teeth too sharp.

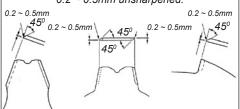
Make sure the width of the 3 sides/4 sides are all the same.



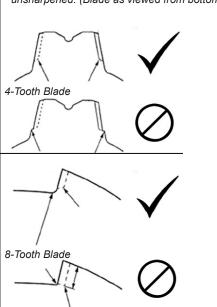
The sharpening angle should be 45° approx.

Do not file the tips of the blade too sharp. Leave

0.2 ~ 0.5mm unsharpened.



The bottom of each tooth must remain unsharpened. (Blade as viewed from bottom.)



Engine Does Not Start					
What To Check		Possible Cause	Remedy		
Does the engine crank?	NO >	Faulty recoil starter. Fluid in the crankcase. Internal damage.	Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.		
YES ,					
Good compression?	NO >	Loose spark plug. Excess wear on cylinder, piston, rings.	Tighten and re-test. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.		
YES			•		
Does the tank contain fresh fuel of the proper grade?	NO >	Fuel incorrect, stale, or contaminated; mixture incorrect.	Refill with clean fresh unleaded gasoline with a pump octane of 87 or higher, mixed with Premium 2-cycle mixing oil at a 50:1 gasoline/oil ratio.		
YES					
Is fuel visible and moving in the return line when priming?	NO >	Check for clogged fuel filter and/or vent.	Replace fuel filter or vent as required. Restart.		
YES _v	ı				
Is there spark at the spark plug wire terminal?	NO >	The ignition switch is in "O" (OFF) position. Shorted ignition ground. Faulty ignition unit.	Move switch to "I" (ON) position and re-start. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.		
YES					
Check the spark plug.	-	If the plug is wet, excess fuel may be in the cylinder.	Crank the engine with the plug removed, replace the plug, and re-start.		
		The plug is fouled or improperly gapped.	Clean and re-gap the plug to 0.6 ~ 0.7 mm. Re-start.		
		The plug is damaged internally or of the wrong size.	Replace the plug with a NGK BMR6A or equivalent resistor type spark plug of the correct heat range. Set spark plug electrode gap to 0.6 ~ 0.7mm. Re-start.		

Low Power Output

What To Check		Possible Cause	Remedy
Is the engine overheating?		Operator is overworking the unit.	Cut at a slower rate.
		Carburetor mixture is too lean.	Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.
		Improper fuel ratio.	Refill with clean fresh unleaded gasoline with a pump octane of 87 or higher, mixed with Premium 2-cycle mixing oil at a 50:1 gasoline/oil ratio.
		Fan, fan cover, cylinder fins dirty or damaged.	Clean, repair or replace as necessary.
		Carbon deposits on the piston or in the muffler.	Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.
Engine is rough at all speeds.	>	Clogged air cleaner element.	Clean or replace the air filter.
May also have black smoke and/or unburned		Loose or damaged spark plug.	Tighten or replace the plug with a NGK BMR6A. Re-start.
uel at the exhaust.		Air leakage or clogged fuel line.	Repair or replace fuel filter and/or fuel line.
		Water in the fuel.	Refill with fresh fuel/oil mixture.
		Piston seizure.	Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.
		Faulty carburetor and/ or diaphragm.	Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.
Engine is	Engine is	Overheating condition.	See above.
knocking.		Improper fuel.	Check fuel octane rating; check for presence of alcohol in the fuel. Refuel as necessary.
		Carbon deposits in the combustion chamber.	Consult with an authorized servicing dealer.

Troubleshooting Guide (Continued)

Additional Problems Symptom **Possible Cause** Remedy Clogged air filter. Clean or replace the air filter. Poor acceleration. Clogged fuel filter. Replace the fuel filter. Consult with an authorized Lean fuel/air mixture. servicing dealer. Idle speed set too low. |Adjust: 2,500 min⁻¹ (± 250 min⁻¹) Reset the switch and re-start. Switch turned off. Engine stops abruptly. |Refuel. See page 10. Fuel tank empty. Clogged fuel filter. Replace fuel filter. Water in the fuel. Drain; replace with clean fuel. See page 10. Shorted spark plug or Clean or replace spark plug with loose terminal. a NGK BMR6A. Tighten the terminal. Ignition failure. Replace the ignition unit. Piston seizure. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer. Ground (stop) wire is Test and replace Engine difficult disconnected, or as required. to shut off. switch is defective. Overheating due to Replace spark plug with a NGK BMR6A. incorrect spark plug. Overheated engine. Idle engine until cool. | Set idle: 2,500 min⁻¹ (± 250 min⁻¹) Engine idle too high. Cutting attachment Replace spring/shoes as Broken clutch spring moves at required, check idle speed. or worn clutch spring engine idle. boss. Loose attachment Inspect and re-tighten holder. holders securely. Engine idle set too high. | Set idle: 2,500 min⁻¹ (± 250 min⁻¹) Engine will not idle down. Consult with an authorized Engine has an air leak. servicing dealer. Shaft not installed Inspect and reinstall Attachment will as required. in powerhead or not rotate gearcase. Broken shaft. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer. Damaged gearcase. Consult with an authorized servicing dealer. Warped or damaged Inspect and replace Excessive attachment. attachment as required. vibration Loose gearcase. | Tighten gearcase securely. Bent main shaft/worn Inspect and replace or damaged bushings. as necessary. Trimmer line not wound Rewind trimmer line. properly on spool.

DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

We hereby declare the Shindaiwa Engine Brushcutter, Model RK530 (BP530/EC1).

meets the following respective requirements.

Council Directives: Standard taken:

89/336/EEC as amended EN 292 parts 1&2

98/37/EC as amended ISO 14865

2000/14/EC as amended ISO 14740 2004/26/EC as amended CISPR 12

Measured sound power level: 112dB(A)

Guaranteed sound power level: 114dB(A)

Technical documentation is kept by:

K. Maeda DIV. Manager

Engineering Research and Development DIV.

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16 February, 2005

T. Yoshitomi

DIV. Manager

Quality Assurance DIV.

Shindaiwa Kogyo Co., Ltd.

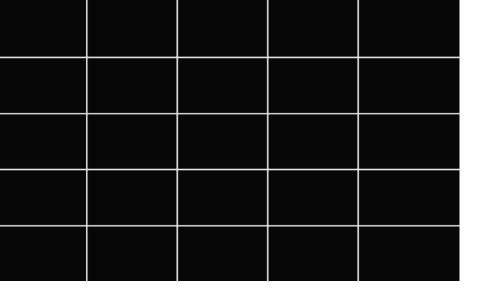
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Memo

Memo



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